RUTCHINSON, - -KANS

KANSAS PERMS OF INTEREST.

The city of Topeka pays for \$88,050 Insurance on its public buildings.

The Rock Island is going to build a new \$20,000 round house at Herington. The State Council of Red Men held their state council in Wichita, opening Feb. 18.

Three Wiehlta men have purchased 42,000 acres of land in Kearney county. The land is covered with buffalo grass.

There is a retired farmer living in Hiawatha who recently made \$1,500 in one week by buying and selling a farm.

The Kansaa Society of the Sons of the American Revolution holds banquets in Topeka annually on Washington's birthday. Contract has been awarded for the

new building by the regents of the Emporia normal school to the lowest bidder at \$47,977. The Santa Fe has contracted for a

complete new electric light and power plant, for its new shops in Topeka, to cost \$75,000 to \$80,000. The bill providing for a federal build-

ing in Emporia has been reported favorably by the house committee on federal buildings and grounds. The validity of the law requiring

doctors to secure state licenses before practicing, is to go before the supreme court in a case from Barton county.

Alfred Shinn, of Fort Scott, bequeathed to Washburn college, twotwelfths of his estate, which is conaidered worth from \$12,000 to \$15,000.

Trains were blockaded by snow in the Flint hills of Butler county on Feb. 20. Passenger trains were held at stations until the track was cleared,

The Kansas Horticultural society has just received a handsome gold medal from Paris, as a reward for the exhibit of Kansas apples at the Paris exposition of 1900.

A row occurred over the employment of non-union plasterers on the completion of the basement of the State house, in Topeka. The contractor surrendered to the union

The report of Grand Secretary Wilson shows the total Masonic membership in Kansas to be 22,386, with initiations during the past two years exceeding 2,500,

: Henry Grice of White Rock township has a lot of 1899 corn which he held over and which he is selling for seed corn. It's about the same as so much gold,-Smith County Journal.

J. A. Peel of Finney county recently sold a Jersey red hog that was raised on alfalfa and finished with 300 pounds of corn. The hog netted him \$24.80, the profit paying his taxes for 1901.

Eugene F. Ware of Kansas, has been appointed by the president, a member of the visitors to attend the annual examination at the National Military Academy at West Point, in June 1902,

The salary of the city attorney of Winfield is \$16.66 a month. The city council gave him a special fee for certain work and one of the councilmen has sued to recover for the city the money so paid.

Two New Yorker's have bought 13,920 acres of Meade county land for \$30,000. This land was considered almost worthless a few years ago. One of the two men, Mr. Wilson, owns 5,000 acres near Anness, Kas., and a large amount of land in Butler and Summer countles.

The Kingman Journal announces that "since the advance in the price of wheat, rubber-tired buggies have been seen on the streets."

E. B. Denison, a Chicago man, proposes to put \$275,000 into a sugar mill at Independence this spring, and have it ready to handle the sorghum crop of 1902. He asks for a gas well and a site for his mill. He is asking the farmers to make contracts to grow 1,500 acres of sorghum the coming season; for which he will pay \$1.50 a ton at the

J. H. Clark of Lyon county is a hero. He had dynamite in a box near a stove to thaw it. He left the room and upon returning saw that the box was on fire. He carried it out in his arms and threw water on it.

Palmyra grocers refuse to buy butter from farmers who order everything from Chicago. The ladies of a church bazaar of Palmyra, wrote to the Chicago firm which has been filling their mail orders for a contribution, and the firm replied that it confined its giving to charity to their home town. See?

The semi-annual apportionments among the school districts, of interest on the invested school funds, will be 39 cents for each person of school age in the state. The amount to be distributed is \$190,545.57.

A farmer told in the office of the Smith County Pioneer, this story. He came to Smith county four years ago with \$6.50 of capital, and rented a farm. He has raised one crop of corn and When he marketed the hogs he comthree of wheat; and now he says he could buy the farm and perhaps he used and says that the hogs netted

THOUGHTFUL ONLY OF QUALITY. [From the Topeka Capital,] Williams college, at Williamstown, Mass., situated among the romantle Herkshire hills, and attracting present attention by reason of its election of a Kansas City minister as its president, is exceptional among American colleges. It has come nearer than any other institution of the higher learning to exemplifying the idea of President Carfield, one of its graduates, that the best education was to sit at one end of a bench with Mark Hopkins at the other end. Mark Hopkins was president of Williams when Garfield and Ingalls were students there, and Mark Hopkins' son of Kansas City is just chosen president of the college to suc ceed President Carter, who went from Yale 18 years ago to take the Williams presidency. Williams is a college, not a university. It has only an academic department and it is continually raising its admission requirements to keep down its enrollment. The policy of Williams is to limit its students to the number of about 400 and to give these students the advantage of intimate personal contact with as cultured and sound a faculty of instruction as it is possible to procure. The education provided by Williams is of such a known quality that it could easily quadruple its enrolment at any annual term opening. Williams is one American college that is indifferent to size and thoughtful only of quality. What is to prevent Kansas from making its own Washburn college the Williams of

A \$10,000 flour mill is to be built in

An organization has been formed at Peabody to drill for coal.

The Lee farm in Sedgwick county. 640 acres, is sold to S. L. Conine for

A sash and door company at Wichita, with a capital of \$60,000, has taken a

The Eighth U. S. cavalry has come from Cubs and is stationed at Fort

Winfield has been offered \$10,000 for a public library, on his usual terms, by Mr. Carnegie.

One firm at the Wichita stock yards bought in one week of February \$90,-000 worth of cattle.

E. T. Guyman, who has large interests at Liberal, has bought one of the finest homes in Hutchinson.

Rock Island officials arrived at Horton on a special train and while there decided to rebuild the burned shops.

Some knight of research, perhaps Charlie Foster, has figured that there is one person in Kansas for every 40 acres of land,

Rev. L. W. Harrell, a United Brethren preacher of Garnett became insanc and was confined. Two days later his wife became insane.

The highest authority in the United States credits Kansas with producing the best Johnathan, Missouri Pippin and Ben Davis apples in the world.

Farmers in southwestern Kansas produced sugar beets which tested igher than those produced in Germany, the home of that industry.

For thirty days commencing March 1 the mails carried by Kansas railroads will be weighed to form a basis for the amount to be paid the roads for carrying mails for the next four years.

H. C. Vandervoort, of Oxford, sued the M. & K. Telephone Co., for damages occasioned by his team becoming frightened at a pile of telephone poles on the highway. At the first trial he was awarded \$125 damages, but the verdiet was set aside. Upon a second trial the jury fixed the damages at \$600.

E. E. Shepard, a Chanute bachelor, 39 years old, killed himself. He was worth at least \$10,000. He wrote for his sister to come from Indiana and timed his fatal act to occur just before she could arrive in Chanute.

Mrs. Lucinda Travers, of Wichita, has gone to France to get her share of an estate there which she is informed will amount to \$100,000. It comes from the estate of Sanford Burdette, her grandfather. She says that when her business is completed she will return to Wichita.

Judge J. G. Clogston of Eureka is dead after long sickness. He has for many years been prominent in public affairs of Kansas. He came to Greenwood county at the close of the civil war in which he served. He was 61 years old.

It is said that the extension of the Missouri Pacific from McPherson to Marquette, Kans., about fifteen miles, will be built the coming summer. It is also stated that a line will be built from Salina north to Yuma, Ks., about forty-five miles.

The Union Pacific Land company has sold to certain Iowa capitalists 52,000 acres of land in Thomas and Logan counties. The purchasers have colonization agents at work to get occupants for their purchase.

A. L. Seockwell, near Downs, bought 232 hogs from his neighbor who sold them because of their lack of corn. He fed the hogs on wheat and alfalfa puted the worth of the feed he had him \$1,300. He fed them four months.

Kansas City. CATTLE— \$ 6.00
HOGS— hoice to heavy 5.00
WHEAT—No. 1 hard.
CORN—No. 2 Muzei
HAY—Choice timothy 19.50
Choice prairie 12.50
HUTTER. Chicago. 12 0 St. Louis Live Stock. BEEVES STOCKERS & FEEDERS 130 0 487 TEXAS PED STERRS 135 0 59 Cotton. Uplands. Gulf

Wichitz Grato. WHEAT Open High Low Today Yday. Hu Then the Feb May July OATS 411% 211% 313V #25 45 415 B B B B B B Wichita Live Stock. Chlengo Live Stock. GOOD TO PRIME. \$ 4.51 STOCKERS& PERDERS 2.53 TEXAS FED STEERS 4.50 HOOS 5 93

THE LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF

Cape Colony, South Africa is having heavy losses by floods.

Eggs sold in Chicago the other day at three dozen for a dollar.

The steel trust has divided \$10,000, 000 among its stockholders. The Pope of Rome entered upon the

25th year of his pontificate on Febru-Bry 20. Chleago is eating cheap beef. The packers are cutting prices by way of

competition. The report sent out from Paris that Miss Stone was released by the brigands was a fake.

The Missouri State Veterinarian has found glanders existing in the county east of Mexico, Mo. It is among mules.

John L. Sullivan came very near death, and perhaps will die, on the occasion of a big drunk at Hot Springs, Ark.

Yank Yi, formerly minister to Wash-

ington, from which he was transferred to St. Petersburg in 1806, died there on February 17. An 80 mile gale struck Reno, Nevada. Railroad trains were delayed

by snow drifts and the prostration of telegraph wires. Govaraor Taft of the Philippines told the senate committee that Aguin-

aldo "has no idea of civil liberty or or any kind of liberty." The semi-annual report of the Whisky trust says that the net earnings for the last six months of 1900 were \$939,-437; an increase of \$599,989, over the

same period of 1991. The federal land office at Santa Fe. N. M., has orders to withdraw from market 125,000 acres of land at the foot of the Sardia mountains, to be occupied as a new military post.

The United Mine Workers' convention at Peoria, Ills., met with a storm of hisses at a resolution to appropriate 850 from the trades' union fund for a memorial to President McKinley.

About 40,000 pensioners die each year, and from this time on the rate of deaths will be much higher, as many of the veterans and their widows have long since passed the average length of human life.

The Chicago Great Western railway is buying up the stock of the St. Joseph & Grand Island, and when control of the line is seeved there will be a track laid for it from St. Joseph to Kansas City. The St. Joe & G. I. now enters Kausas City on leased tracks.

Congressman Long of Kansas, as a member of the ways and means committee, proposes, as a reciprocity measure, to reduce tariffs 40 per cent on all trade between the Umited States and Cuba.

W. A. Lewis, a Spokane, Washington, lawyer has been sentenced to seven years in prison for stealing \$1,000 from a woman client.

H. G. Clark has assumed charge as general manager of the Choctaw, Okahoma & Gulf railroad with headquarers at Little Rock, Ark.

Earthquakes continue in Shamaka district and a volcano has commenced a vigorous cruption. The number of killed is estimated at 560.

The Marconi system of wireless telegraphy is in permanent use already on board 70 ships and at 25 land stations. The system transmits 22 words a minute.

George Goald has bought five city blocks in St. Louis for \$825,000. It is supposed this purchase is for site for an immense depot and extending freight yard facilities. The war department asks congress to

create as a new division, to be known as the general staff corps, to consider and prepare plans for the national defense, and for mobilization of forces in time Frederick D. Underwood, who is

slated for the presidency of the Northern Pacific, began railroading as a brakeman on the St. Paul road. A fight between troops occurred in a lof one man's governing another with-

suburb of Barcelona, Spain, in which out his consent. But those who now 500 persons were killed and wounded, proclaim these truths are sneered at | least, more euphonlous. most by artillery used by the troops.

MARKETS CORRECTED DAILY, THE TRUTH AT LAST by representative

REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER TALKS TOO OPENLY ON THE TARIFF.

High Protective Tax Should Be of the Isthmian Canal.

The New York Press, Republican, enters vigorous protest against the proposition that the tariff duties on Cuban sugar be reduced. The Press states,

"If the American people on sentimental grounds think they ought to give Cuba \$40,000,000 this year or every year, let them go down into the pockets of all the American people for the gift, and not into the pockets of a few interests selected for proscription and spollation. If Gov. Wood or President Roosevelt or anybody else wants Santa Claus to stuff forty millions into Cuba's Christmas stocking, why In the name of American industries and American decency should the forty millions be filehed from two or three stockings in the fireplaces of American homes? Why not from all?"

Republican papers have all along told us that the foreigner pays the tax and that a high protective tariff is to the interest of the American people, rather than of special benefit to any one concern. This being true, then the abolition of all tariff on Cuban sugar would be equivalent to "going down into the pockets of all the American people for the gift."

If, however, the Press is justified in saying that by the abolition or reduction of the tariff on Cuban sugar \$40,-000,000 would be filched from "two or three stockings in the fireplaces of American homes," then the question naturally arises, how does it happen that the Republican party has persist ently advocated a tariff policy that would place \$40,000,000 in "two or three of the stockings in the fireplaces of American homes?"

And if a tariff on sugar would mean \$40,000,000 for "two or three stockings in the fireplaces of American homes, does not this fact raise the suspicion that, after all, the American people, rather than the foreigner, have been paying the tax?

Whence comes this \$40,000,000 that will be filched from "two or three stockings in the fireplaces of American

Is it paid by the foreign producers of sugar to the American manufacturer or does it represent the amount 'filched" by the proprietors of the "two or three stockings in the fireplaces of American homes-"filched" from the great mass of American augar consumers, and "filched" by reason of the Republican tariff laws?-The Commoner.

The Isthmian Canal.

It is evident that the transportation lines are opposed to the construction of any isthmian canal, and it is fair to assume that they are behind the Panama route, not because they prefer that route, but for the reason that agitation in its behalf gives the best promise for the most delay. It is significant that the offer of the Panama canal stockholders was not made until it seemed certain that the Nicaraguan route would be adopted by the lower house of congress. Having considered the points in favor of the Panama route, the canal commission, that recently made its report, approved the Nicaraguan route. It seems that those who have been most earnest in advocating the construction of a canal are practically unanimous in favor of the Nicaraguan route, while the present advocates of the Panama canal are largely made up of those who have been opposed to any canal at all. It is to be hoped that the Nicaraguan bill will be pushed through the senate at an early day. The American people are very generally in favor of an isthmian canal and the Nicaraguan plan offers the best method of a prompt realization of a very popular plan.

Poor Use for Public Money.

A few visionaries are still pleading for a national endowed theater in this country, to be established within a few vence. No institution of this kind is in the least likely to be founded in the United States in this generation. The Yankee is in the main a hardheaded, shrewd, practical man. What dramatic art he considers worth supporting he will support individually, but he will surely not consent to be taxed for the maintenance of any playhouse as an appanage of the entire body politic, not at least until he suffers a race change into something new and strange. He is too self-centered are not so by a good deal. and independent for that.

Something for Farmers to Ponder.

Prince Henry is coming, but the reichstag goes on with its plans to pay us off in our own tariff coin. Its tariff committee accepted the clause of the new bill providing that, in the absence of treaty stipulations, the same rates of duty shall be applied to foreign goods as are enforced in the country of their origin against "similar German goods." Do our western farmers know what this means? It means Dingley rates clapped upon American publican party, under its present conwheat and bacon and pork seeking a market in Germany.

Not the Party of Lincoln. Nothing is plainer than that the Republican party has gradually forsaken all the ancient landmarks held sacred by its founders. No one can conceive of a doubt being entertained by Abraham Lincoln as to the fundamental truth that all men were created with equal rights, nor as to the possibility Republicana as

Capt. Green's Original Notion. If Congress would only open up the Philippines to syndicate exploitation, says Capt. Frank Green of the Manila chamber of commerce, American capi-Benefit to the Whole American tal would flow in "in large quantities, People-Why There Is Opposition to as well as many American miners and homestead seekers." About the flow of capital there is little question, but it is a queer stroke of fancy which sees a rush of homestead seekers from this climate into a country already more densely populated than most of our

> Rogues Awake, Honest Men Asleep. The trouble is that the majority of the citizens are not practical in their politics. The so-called practical politician is one that never forgets his selfish interests. If all citizens were similarly attentive to their own interests, which depend on the welfare of the city, they would be acrupulous in all the duties of citizenship and on election day would bear in mind that they are voting for men who will conduct the business of the voters.

> > Trusts Laugh at Law.

Much has been said and written about regulating trusts by law, and there are said to be laws sufficient to control the trusts provided the laws are enforced. However this may be trusts seem to thrive on law and it begina to appear that they are more likely to control laws than laws are to control trusts. Take the tariff protection for instance; that kind of law is as good for a trust as corn is for a lean

The Autocrat of Congress. The speaker of the House of Repreentatives is the worst autocrat in the federal government, and those over whom he exercises autocratic power are the men who are to blame. The House has surrendered its rights. The leaders of the majority have been trained to obedience. The speaker not only appoints the committees, but he practically makes the rules.

Entitled to Some Relief.

The American people feel that they are being heavily taxed, through the tariff, for the benefit of the steel trust and similar combinations, and in their opinion they are not only entitled to be exempt from any increase in prices, but should reap the benefit of any and all reductions which may be made for the foreign trade.

Cost of Imperialism.

The cost of the national government has gradually increased until now it amounts to \$12 per capita. Republicanism and imperialism come high, but if the people will have them they must pay the bill. When hard times come and each family has to put up \$60, they will wish "that they hadn't gone and

Iowa Strong for Reform.

The most remarkable thing about the discussion of the tariff question in its new phase in Iowa is that the rural Republican press is almost unanimously in favor of revision. A few postoffice organs oppose, but nearly every untrammeled editor has spoken out in

Have Assimilated Our System

Reports that the Havana election returns show some eight times as many votes as the number of people who really voted are evidently designed to demonstrate that the Havana people have assimilated our system clear up to the machine methods of Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

Mystery to the Taxpayer.

It is hard for the American taxpayer to understand why salaries paid by the government should be increased in order to maintain the extravagance incident to social life in Washington. Why should a judge or Congressman or a cabinet officer be a heavy swell and do swell things all the time?

What Did They Get?

The dispatches report that "a Fillpino leader and a large number of followers gave up their arms uncondi-They will now rate as tionally." among our "best citizens" in the orient. The amount of bonus they received for giving up their guns is not stated.

An Egregious Error. The mistake that certain Republican tatesmen make and which they have always been disposed to make is in taking it for granted that their party and the country is synonymous. They

A Pointer for Cuba-If Cuba is wise she will cease her

lamor for tariff concessions, enact a prohibitive tariff law and tax herself onto the top wave of prosperity, as we are told the United States has done.

Up to the People. It is certainly quite plain that if the people want the predatory combines

checked or regulated they will have to look to some other source than the Re-How About This? Have you of late noticed any Re-

publican editors remarking that "trade follows the flag?" They are perhaps absent-mindedly thinking over 1901 trade reports from the Philippines.

Improvement in Ohio. With the increase of Mr. Foraker's influence in Ohio, as opposed to Mr. Hanna's, the word "boodle" has given place to "commercialism," which is, at

Venerable English Preacher. Mr. Robert Chapman, one of the Plymouth Brethren, is preaching in Devonshire, England, at the age of 100 years. He has preached for seventy years without a break. He once was London lawyer.

Spiritualism Deciting.

It has been the general observation that for some years past spiritualism has been in a gradual decline. This is the law with everything that is not founded on true merit. The reason Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been recognized as the leading family medicine during the past fifty years is because it is founded on true merit, and has always been found reliable in cases of indigention, dyspepsia, constipation and billousness. Try a bottle and satisfy yourself.

Set a thief to catch a thief, bt not a drunkard to catch a drunkard

ALL UP TO DATE HOUSEKEEPERS use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it is better and 4 oz. more of it for same

The man who can't pay his hatter plunges headfirst into debt.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs .-- WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The older a woman grows the safer it is to intrust a secret to her keeping.

Dropsy treated free by Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, of Atlanta, Ga. The greatest dropsy specialists in the world. Read their advertisement in another column of this paper.

Wise is the prophet who doesn't bet. on the result of his predictions.

FROM ACROSS THE RIO GRANDE, "+ Mr. G. A. Fisher of Cludad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico, is employed in the engineers' office of the Mexican International Railroad. On Sept. 7, 1901, he wrote: "I am recommending Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to all my friends in this community and others that wish an invaluable remedy for Dys-

pepsia and Constipation."
Druggists sell this valuable laxative and stomach remedy. If yours does not, send his name to Pepsin Syrup Co., Monticello, Ill., and they will send you a sample bottle and interesting

Applause has hurried many a man

along the road that leads to failure.

STATE OF CHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ISL.

Brank J. Cheney and contry.

Frank J. Cheney and contry.

Frank J. Cheney and contry.

Frank J. Cheney and contry and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Cainerh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1880.

[SEAL]

Notary Public.

Hall'a Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and inucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pilts are the best. Peace of mind is often the result of

not knowing any better.

A WESTERN CANADA FARMER. SEVEN YEARS AGO HE HAD BUT \$24; NOW HE HAS SEVENTY HEAD OF CATTLE.

This Is What a Couple of Eastern Farmers Learned When on a Recent Trip to Canada-Splendid Words About Saskatoon, Rosthern and Hague District Where They Will Locate.

Measrs, J. E. Blum and J. Crumper of Manchester, Washtenaw County, Michigan, paid a visit to Alberta last summer and saw there a Mr. Shantz, one of the good old Pennsylvania stock, who had come recently-some seven years ago-from Ontario with \$24 in his pocket. He has certainly prospered, as he now has over seventy head of cattle, has a good loghouse framed over; also a good barn, and in all respects looks a thrifty and wellto-do farmer. He had come good crops of oats and barley. After spending some days in Calgary and Edmonton they returned to Regina, Assinibola, and looked around the country north to Lumsden and Balgonie. where the crops appeared very prom-Ising and heavy; continuing up the Regina and Long Lake road they came to Saskatoon on the crossing of the South Saskatchewan River. Of this district they say:

"The country here pleased us better than any we have seen. We drove out cighteen miles in a northwesterly direction through the Smith settlement. This is a wonderful district: the growth was splendid; all kinds of grains and roots were perfection. The older settlers had good buildings of all kinds and looked very prosperous; in fact, we came to the conclusion that we had found what we were looking for, a good country. While the nature of the soil changes and is in some parts light, in others stony, and again heavy, generally speaking it leaves nothing to be desired. Hay and water are also in abundance and wood can be found along the river slopes and islands. We have decided to locate there and shall certainly advise our friends to do likewise. We also trust that this report may have the effect of drawing the attention of land seekers to this district, and can honestly advise all such to locate there. They will find a good thing. As farmers ourselves, from a good district in Michigan, we have come to the conclusion that, properly farmed, western Canada will grow almost anything." Ask for information from any agent of the Canadian government.

WESTERN CANADA'S



tock raising they also old the highest posi

on. Thousands of Americans are annually mak-ar this their home, and they succeed as they ever did before. Move Westward with the tide and secure a farm and home in Western Canada Low rates and special privileges to homeseek ers and settlers. The handsome forty-page crs and settlers. The handsome forty-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all appli-cants. Apply for rates. &c., to F. Pedley, Su-perintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. S. Crawford, Canadian Government Agent, 214 W. Ninth St., Kansas City, Mo.